

## AMPL-Modell für beliebige Produkte (myprod.mod)

```
set P;  
  
param a {P};  
param beta;  
param c {P};  
param u {P};  
  
var X {P};  
  
maximize Profit: sum {j in P} c[j] * X[j];  
  
subject to Zeit:  
    sum {j in P} (1/a[j]) * X[j] <= beta;  
  
subject to Grenzen {j in P}: 0 <= X[j] <= u[j];
```

## AMPL-Daten Datei (myprod.dat) für myprod.mod

```
set P := Baender Rollen;  
  
param:      a      c      u      :=  
    Baender 200    20    6000  
    Rollen  140    30    4000 ;  
  
param beta := 40;
```

## Lösen in AMPL

```
ampl: model myprod.mod;
ampl: data myprod.dat;
ampl: solve;
MINOS 5.51: optimal solution found.
2 iterations, objective 165714.2857
ampl: display X;
X [*] :=
Baender  2285.71
  Rollen  4000
;
```

## 1.2 Beispiel: Transportproblem

Situation:

- Von einigen Orten (*origins*  $O$ ) muss Öl an andere (*destinations*  $D$ ) transportiert werden.
- An origin  $i \in O$  sind  $s_i$  Tonnen verfügbar (*supply*), an destination  $j \in D$  werden  $d_j$  Tonnen benötigt (*demand*).
- Der Transport von  $i$  nach  $j$  kostet  $c_{ij}$  Euro pro Tonne.
- Aufgabe: Finde einen Transportplan, der die Kosten minimiert.

## AMPL-Modell (mytransp.mod)

```
set ORIG;    # origins
set DEST;    # destinations

param supply {ORIG} >= 0;
    # amounts available at origins
param demand {DEST} >= 0;
    # amounts required at destinations
check: sum {i in ORIG} supply[i]
    >= sum {j in DEST} demand[j];
param cost {ORIG,DEST} >= 0;
    # shipment costs per unit

var X {ORIG,DEST} >= 0;
    # units to be shipped

minimize Total_Cost:
    sum {i in ORIG, j in DEST} cost[i,j] * X[i,j];

subject to Supply {i in ORIG}:
    sum {j in DEST} X[i,j] <= supply[i];

subject to Demand {j in DEST}:
    sum {i in ORIG} X[i,j] = demand[j];
```

## AMPL-Daten (transp.dat)

```
# define set "ORIG" and param "supply"
```

```
param: ORIG: supply :=
```

```
    GARY    1400
```

```
    CLEV    2600
```

```
    PITT    2900 ;
```

```
# define "DEST" and "demand"
```

```
param: DEST: demand :=
```

```
    FRA     900
```

```
    DET    1200
```

```
    LAN     600
```

```
    WIN     400
```

```
    STL    1700
```

```
    FRE    1100
```

```
    LAF    1000 ;
```

```
param cost:
```

	FRA	DET	LAN	WIN	STL	FRE	LAF	:=
GARY	39	14	11	14	16	82	8	
CLEV	27	9	12	9	26	95	17	
PITT	24	14	17	13	28	99	20	;

## Lösen mit AMPL

```
ampl: model mytransp.mod;
ampl: data transp.dat;
ampl: solve;
MINOS 5.51: optimal solution found.
13 iterations, objective 196200
ampl: display X;
Trans [*,*] (tr)
:      CLEV      GARY      PITT      :=
DET    1200         0         0
FRA         0         0        900
FRE         0      1100         0
LAF     400        300        300
LAN     600         0         0
STL         0         0      1700
WIN     400         0         0
;
```

## Modifikation der Situation:

- Zusätzlich entstehen Festkosten  $f_{ij}$ , falls Öl von origin  $i$  zu destination  $j$  transportiert wird.
- Es dürfen höchstens  $u_{ij}$  Tonnen Öl von origin  $i$  zu destination  $j$  transportiert werden.

## AMPL-Modell (fixtransp.mod)

```
set ORIG;
set DEST;
param supply {ORIG} >= 0;
param demand {DEST} >= 0;
param cost {ORIG,DEST} >= 0;
    # shipment costs per unit
param fcost {ORIG,DEST} >= 0;
    # fixed costs for starting shipping
param limit {ORIG,DEST} >= 0;
    # upper bounds on units to be shipped

var X {ORIG,DEST} >= 0;
    # units to be shipped
var Y {ORIG,DEST} binary ;
    # indicator variables for shipping

minimize Total_Cost:
    sum {i in ORIG, j in DEST} cost[i,j] * X[i,j]
    +sum {i in ORIG, j in DEST} fcost[i,j] * Y[i,j];

subject to Supply {i in ORIG}:
    sum {j in DEST} X[i,j] <= supply[i];
subject to Demand {j in DEST}:
    sum {i in ORIG} X[i,j] = demand[j];
subject to Bound {i in ORIG, j in DEST}:
    X[i,j] <= limit[i,j] * Y[i,j];
```



## AMPL-Daten (fixtransp.dat)

```
param: ORIG:  supply :=  
        GARY  1400  
        CLEV  2600  
        PITT  2900 ;
```

```
param: DEST:  demand :=  
        FRA   900  
        DET  1200  
        LAN   600  
        WIN   400  
        STL  1700  
        FRE  1100  
        LAF  1000 ;
```

```
param cost:  
        FRA  DET  LAN  WIN  STL  FRE  LAF :=  
GARY  39  14  11  14  16  82  8  
CLEV  27   9  12   9  26  95  17  
PITT  24  14  17  13  28  99  20 ;
```

```
param fcost:  
        FRA  DET  LAN  WIN  STL  FRE  LAF :=  
GARY 3000 1200 1200 1200 2500 3500 2500  
CLEV 2000 1000 1500 1200 2500 3000 2200  
PITT 2000 1200 1500 1500 2500 3500 2200 ;
```

```
param limit default 625 ;
```

## Lösen mit AMPL

```
ampl: model fixtransp.mod;
ampl: data fixtransp.dat;
ampl: option solver gurobi;
ampl: solve;
Gurobi 6.5.0: optimal solution; objective 225396
15 simplex iterations
ampl: display X;
X [*,*] (tr)
:      CLEV  GARY  PITT      :=
DET    625     0    575
FRA    275     0    625
FRE    425    625     50
LAF    225    150    625
LAN    600     0     0
STL    450    625    625
WIN     0     0    400
;
```